


**Chapter**  
**12**  
**Section 1****Guided Reading Activity 12-1***The Cultural Geography of Europe:  
Population Patterns*

Use with Chapter 12  
Section 1

After reading Section 1, you should be able to compare the differences and similarities among Europeans, to relate how Europe's physical geography influences population distribution, and to explain why population patterns in Europe have changed.


 As you read Section 1, fill in the blanks below.

1. Most Europeans are descended from various \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ peoples who settled the continent centuries ago.
2. Two leading ethnic groups—the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_—make up about 85 percent of Belgium's population.
3. People who flee to a foreign country for safety are known as \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Europe is smaller than any continent except \_\_\_\_\_.
5. \_\_\_\_\_, with more than 82 million people, is one of Europe's most populous countries.
6. \_\_\_\_\_, with a population of about 1,000 people, had the smallest population of any country in the world.
7. Two factors that influence population density are \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Beginning in the late 1700s, the \_\_\_\_\_ transformed Europe from an agricultural society to an industrial society.
9. By the late 1990s, about \_\_\_\_\_ of Europe's population lived in urban areas.
10. In 1998, two European cities—\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_—ranked among the world's 20 largest urban areas.

**Chapter**  
**12**  
Section 2**Guided Reading Activity 12-2***The Cultural Geography of Europe:  
History and Government*

Use with Chapter 12  
Section 2

After reading Section 2, you should be able to relate how early civilizations developed in Europe, to explain why European cultures had worldwide influence, and to list events that led to the creation of a New Europe.

 As you read Section 2, fill in the blanks below.

1. A mountainous landscape separated the ancient Greeks into independent communities called \_\_\_\_\_.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ conquerors expanded their rule into half of Europe, much of Southwest Asia, and northern Africa.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ became the official religion of the Roman Empire in A.D. 380.
4. During the Middle Ages, \_\_\_\_\_ was a system in which powerful lords gave land to nobles in return for pledges of loyalty.
5. In the 1000s, the Christian Church separated into two branches—the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_.
6. The \_\_\_\_\_ was a 300-year period of learning and the arts that brought about great advancements in European civilization.
7. A religious movement called the \_\_\_\_\_ led to the beginnings of Protestantism.
8. Social problems in Europe led to the rise of \_\_\_\_\_, a plan to establish classless societies in which workers would control industrial production.
9. The \_\_\_\_\_, in which more than 6 million European Jews were killed, was one of the horrors of World War II.
10. The power struggle between the Communist and the non-Communist world was called the \_\_\_\_\_.


**Chapter**  
**12**  
**Section 3**

# Guided Reading Activity 12-3

## *The Cultural Geography of Europe: Cultures and Lifestyles*

Use with Chapter 12  
Section 3

After reading Section 3, you should be able to compare European languages, religions, and art forms, to discuss the quality of life in European countries, and to explain how European lifestyles reflect cultural traditions.

 As you read Section 3, fill in the blanks below.

1. In Europe, there are about 50 different languages and more than a hundred \_\_\_\_\_ or local forms of languages.
2. Almost all of Europe's languages belong to the \_\_\_\_\_ language family.
3. Most northern Europeans speak \_\_\_\_\_ languages, such as German, English, Dutch, Danish, Swedish, and Norwegian.
4. Most of Europe's Christians are \_\_\_\_\_ who live primarily in the southern areas of western Europe and the northern areas of eastern Europe.
5. The artistic style called \_\_\_\_\_, which developed in Europe in the late 1700s and early 1800s, tried to show feelings and emotions.
6. The artistic style called \_\_\_\_\_ showed the natural appearance of objects and light using dabs or strokes of primary colors.
7. Universities, such as \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ in England, are among the oldest institutions of higher learning in the world.
8. In \_\_\_\_\_ such as Great Britain, Norway, and Sweden, governments assume major responsibility for the welfare of their people.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ is the national sport in many European countries.
10. \_\_\_\_\_, celebrated on July 14, commemorates the storming of the Bastille prison in 1789 and the start of the French Revolution.