

Chapter
19
Section 1

Guided Reading Activity 19-1

North Africa and Southwest Asia Today: Living in North Africa and Southwest Asia

Use with Chapter 19

Section 1

After reading Section 1, you should be able to summarize the effects of geography on economic activity in North Africa and Southwest Asia, to explain how recent industrial growth in the region is related to natural resources, and to discuss the role of service industries and governments in the economies of North Africa and Southwest Asia.



As you read Section 1, fill in the blanks below.

1. Areas of North Africa and Southwest Asia that have a Mediterranean climate produce products such as _____, _____, _____, and _____.
2. _____ is one of the region's leading producers of livestock, largely because it has adequate rainfall and its land is suitable for grazing.
3. The region's two largest producers of fish are _____ and _____.
4. North Africa and Southwest Asia produce about 30 percent of the world's supply of _____.
5. Products derived from petroleum or natural gas are called _____.
6. Most of the region's oil is exported in crude form to _____.
7. In _____, the banking, real estate, and insurance industries provide more than 60 percent of the nation's gross domestic product.
8. The region's most extensive _____ are in Iran, Turkey, and Egypt.
9. Control of the Shatt al Arab, formed where the Tigris and Euphrates rivers meet, has been disputed between _____ and _____ for years.
10. In 1960, five oil-producing countries formed the _____.

Chapter
19
Section 2

Guided Reading Activity 19-2

North Africa and Southwest Asia Today: People and Their Environment

Use with Chapter 19
Section 2

After reading Section 2, you should be able to explain how the scarcity of water challenges North Africa and Southwest Asia, to describe steps being taken to utilize groundwater and seawater in the region, to discuss the impact of war and technology on the region's environment, and to discuss how the control of river water can affect the environment.

As you read Section 2, fill in the blanks below.

1. Some population experts predict that by the year 2050 about _____ people will be living on the earth.
2. Underground layers of porous rock, gravel, or sand containing water are called _____.
3. The only major freshwater rivers in North Africa and Southwest Asia are the _____, the _____, and the _____.
4. Israel gets much of its irrigation water from the _____.
5. _____ is attempting to build a pipeline that will carry water from large aquifers beneath the Sahara to farm areas near the Mediterranean coast.
6. The removal of salt from seawater is called _____.
7. Many nations around the _____ are dependent upon desalination plants for water.
8. In planning the construction of the Aswan High Dam, Egypt's President Nasser wanted to improve irrigation and to supply _____ to his nation.
9. Following completion of the Aswan High Dam, there was an increase in diseases and death caused by _____.
10. During the Persian Gulf War, Iraqi forces set fire to Kuwait's _____ before being driven out of that country.